

**SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO  
TỈNH ĐIỆN BIÊN**

**ĐỀ THI THỬ**

(Đề thi có 05 trang)

**KỶ THI THỬ THPT QUỐC GIA NĂM 2018**  
**Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH**  
*Thời gian làm bài 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề*

**Mã đề 010**

Họ, tên thí sinh:.....

Số báo danh:.....

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- Câu 1: A. major                      B. defend                      C. journey                      D. signal  
Câu 2: A. performance                      B. extinction                      C. complicate                      D. essential

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- Câu 3: A. symbols                      B. beliefs                      C. employs                      D. depends  
Câu 4: A. deal                      B. peace                      C. death                      D. heat

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

Câu 5: After analyzing the steep rise in profits according to your report, it was convinced that your analyses were correct.

A                      B                      C                      D

Câu 6: The objective of the ASEAN Vision 2020 is to create economical integration among the member countries.

A                      B                      C                      D

Câu 7: No one in our office want to drive to work because there are always traffic jams at rush hour.

A                      B                      C                      D

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.*

Câu 8: When you see your teacher approaching you, a slight wave to attract his attention is appropriate.

- A. looking up to                      B. coming nearer to                      C. pointing at                      D. catching sight of

Câu 9: Since the death of Laura's father, her mother has become a breadwinner to support the family.

- A. a person who bakes bread every morning  
B. a person who delivers bread to make money  
C. a person who goes out to work to earn money  
D. a bakery-owner

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.*

Câu 10: My uncle, who is an accomplished guitarist, taught me how to play.

- A. unqualified                      B. unimpaired                      C. ill-educated                      D. unskilled

Câu 11: The year-end party was out of this world. We had never tasted such delicious food.

- A. strange                      B. enormous                      C. awful                      D. terrific

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

**Câu 12:** Most of us would maintain that physical \_\_\_\_\_ does not play a major part in how we react to the people we meet.

- A. attractiveness      B. attractively      C. attractive      D. attract

**Câu 13:** It was late, so we decided \_\_\_\_\_ a taxi home.

- A. to take      B. to taking      C. taking      D. take

**Câu 14:** One condition of this job is that you must be \_\_\_\_\_ to work at weekends.

- A. accessible      B. acceptable      C. capable      D. available

**Câu 15:** His brother refuses to listen to anyone else's point of view. He is very \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. open -minded      B. kind-hearted      C. narrow-minded      D. bad-tempered

**Câu 16:** I applied for a part-time job at the supermarket. They are going to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. hold me on      B. take me on      C. carry me on      D. put me on

**Câu 17:** The shop assistant is ready to \_\_\_\_\_ me a helping hand. She was very nice.

- A. get      B. lend      C. offer      D. take

**Câu 18:** This is the house \_\_\_\_\_ by his father five years ago.

- A. was bought      B. which bought      C. be bought      D. bought

**Câu 19:** After they \_\_\_\_\_ all the food, they picked up their bags and left.

- A. had been eating      B. had eaten      C. have eaten      D. were eating

**Câu 20:** Thomas received a warning for speeding yesterday. He \_\_\_\_\_ so fast.

- A. mightn't have driven      B. would have driven  
C. need have driven      D. shouldn't have driven

**Câu 21:** There are programmes to raise people's \_\_\_\_\_ of their responsibility for natural conservation.

- A. qualification      B. awareness      C. concentration      D. attention

**Câu 22:** If I had enough money, I \_\_\_\_\_ abroad to improve my English.

- A. would go      B. would have gone      C. will go      D. had gone

**Câu 23:** Lan and Huong have never come to class late, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. has she      B. haven't they      C. have they      D. hasn't she

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

**Câu 24:** Clara and Phil are discussing women and men in society.

Clara: " As I see it, women often drive more carefully than men."

Phil: " \_\_\_\_\_!"

- A. What nonsense      B. Yes, please      C. Absolutely      D. Never mind

**Câu 25:** Mary and Peter are talking about Mary's plan.

Mary: " \_\_\_\_\_."

Peter: " Congratulations!"

- A. I've got in stuck in the traffic jam for 3 hours      B. I didn't do the test well  
C. We're going to get married next month      D. I believe I'll pass the exam

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following question from 26 to 32.**

Water scarcity is fast becoming one of the major limiting factors in world crop production. In many areas, poor agricultural practices have led to increasing desertification and the loss of formerly arable lands. Consequently, those plant species that are well adapted to survival in dry climates are being looked at for an answer in developing more efficient crops to grow on marginally **arable** lands.

Plants use several mechanisms to ensure their survival in desert environments. Some involve purely mechanical and physical adaptations, such as the shape of the plant's surface, smaller leaf size, and **extensive** root systems. Some of the adaptations are related to chemical mechanisms. Many

plants, such as cacti, have internal gums and mucilage which give them water-retaining properties. Another chemical mechanism is that of the epicuticular wax layer. This wax layer acts as an impervious cover to protect the plant. It prevents excessive loss of internal moisture. It also protects the plant from external aggression, which can come from inorganic agents such as gases, or organic agents which include bacteria and plant pests.

Researchers have proposed that synthetic waxes with similar protective abilities could be prepared based on knowledge of desert plants. If successfully developed, such a compound could be used to greatly increase a plant's ability to maintain health in such adverse situations as inadequate water supply, limited fertilizer availability, attack by pests, and poor storage after harvesting.

**Câu 26:** This passage deals mainly with \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. developing efficient plants
- B. decreasing water supply
- C. factors limiting crop production
- D. desertification

**Câu 27:** All of the following are examples of an adverse situation for crops EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_

- A. insufficient fertilize
- B. proper storage
- C. inadequate water
- D. pest aggression

**Câu 28:** The word “*arable*” in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. barren
- B. marsh
- C. parched
- D. fertile

**Câu 29:** Which of the following is a mechanical or physical mechanism that desert plants use?

- A. The high water system
- B. The vast leaf size
- C. The small root system
- D. The plant's shape

**Câu 30:** The word “*extensive*” in the second paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. widespread
- B. shallow
- C. comprehensive
- D. spongy

**Câu 31:** Which is one of the ways in which the epicuticular wax protects the plant?

- A. It guards against bacteria.
- B. It helps the plant to avoid excessive moisture intake
- C. It helps the plant to attack aggressors.
- D. It releases gases against plant pests.

**Câu 32:** It can be inferred that synthetic stimulate waxes \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. have been determined to be impervious to organic and inorganic agents
- B. have not been developed yet
- C. have the quality of causing bacteria
- D. have not succeeded

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following question from 33 to 40.**

Not very long ago, when people needed to find a job, there were several possible steps. They might begin with a look through the classified ads in the newspaper. They could go to the personnel office at various companies and fill out an application, or they could go to an employment agency. They could even find out about a job opening **through word-of-mouth** from another person who had heard about it.

These days, job hunting is more complicated. The first step is to determine what kind of job you want (which sounds easier than it is) and make sure that you have the right education for it. Rapid changes in technology and science are creating many professions that never existed until recently. It is important to learn about **them** because one might be the perfect profession for you. The fastest-growing areas for new jobs are in computer technology and health services. Jobs in these fields usually require specific skills, but you need to find out exactly which degrees are necessary. For example, it may be surprising to learn that in the sciences, an M.S. is more **marketable** than a Ph.D! In other words, there are more jobs available for people with a Master of Science degree than for people with a doctorate (however, people who want to do research still need a Ph.D.)

How do people learn about "hot" new professions? How do they discover their "dream job"? Many people these days go to a career counselor. In some countries, job hopping has become so common that career counseling is now "big business". People sometimes spend large amounts of money for this advice. In Canada and the United States, high school and college students often have access to free vocational counseling services on campus. There is even a career organization, the Five O'Clock Club, which helps members to set goals. Members focus on this question: what sort of person do you want to be years from now? The members then plan their career around that goal. All career counselors - private or public - agree on one basic point: it is important for people to find a career that they love. Everyone should be able to think, "I'm having such a good time. I can't believe they're paying me to do this."

**Câu 33:** The word "**them**" in the second paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. degrees                      B. skills                      C. professions                      D. areas

**Câu 34:** The phrase "**through word-of-mouth**" in the first paragraph probably means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. visually                      B. orally                      C. via phone                      D. in person

**Câu 35:** According to the second paragraph, all of the following steps are mentioned in hunting jobs today EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. doing a Ph.D degree  
B. deciding on a profession  
C. learning about different professions  
D. getting information about necessary skills or degrees

**Câu 36:** The word "**marketable**" as used in the second paragraph could be best replaced by \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. profitable                      B. beneficial                      C. well-paid                      D. wanted

**Câu 37:** According to the last paragraph, career counselling is now a "big business" due to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the discovery of "dream jobs"                      B. the appearance of "hot" new professions  
C. the large amount of money of job advice                      D. the increasing popularity of job hopping

**Câu 38:** It can be inferred from the passage that what determine one's success in job hunting is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. discovery of his or her own dream job                      B. his or her degrees or skills  
C. his or her career counsellors                      D. his or her choices of employment agencies

**Câu 39:** Why does the author mention the steps of job hunting in the past in the first paragraph?

- A. To define the process of job hunting.  
B. To indicate that the process of job hunting stays the same over time.  
C. To explain the important of a job opening.  
D. To emphasize that job hunting is becoming more complex at present.

**Câu 40:** According to the second paragraph, why is it important for us to learn about various professions?

- A. So as not to miss the profession that is perfect for us.  
B. Since more jobs are available for people with a Master of Science Degree.  
C. Because jobs in computer technology and health services are popular.  
D. As technological advances have created new professions.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 41 to 45.**

Few people now question the reality of global warming and its effects on the world's climate. Many scientists (41) \_\_\_\_\_ the blame for recent natural disasters on the increase in the world's temperatures and are convinced that, more than ever before, the Earth is at risk from the forces of the wind, rain and sun. According to them, global warming is making extreme weather events, such as hurricanes and droughts, even more (42) \_\_\_\_\_ and causing sea levels all around the world to rise. Environmental groups are putting pressure on governments to take action to reduce the amount of carbon dioxide which is given (43) \_\_\_\_\_ by factories and power plants, thus attacking the problem at its source. They are in favor of more money being spent on research into solar, wind and

wave energy devices, (44) \_\_\_\_\_ could then replace existing power stations. Some scientists, (45) \_\_\_\_\_, believe that even if we stopped releasing carbon dioxide and other gases into the atmosphere tomorrow, we would have to wait several hundred years to notice the results. Global warming, it seems, is to stay.

- |                |             |            |            |            |
|----------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| <b>Câu 41:</b> | A. put      | B. give    | C. have    | D. take    |
| <b>Câu 42:</b> | A. strong   | B. strict  | C. heavy   | D. severe  |
| <b>Câu 43:</b> | A. away     | B. off     | C. over    | D. up      |
| <b>Câu 44:</b> | A. which    | B. that    | C. what    | D. who     |
| <b>Câu 45:</b> | A. although | B. despite | C. however | D. because |

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Câu 46:** I know I can convince Dave that I'm right about that matter.

- A. I know I can bring Dave around my way of thinking on this matter.
- B. I know I can bring Dave up to my way of thinking on this matter.
- C. I know I can get Dave round my way of thinking on that matter.
- D. I know I can bring Dave round to my way of thinking on this matter.

**Câu 47:** Jack bought that second-hand car and he then recognized that he shouldn't have done that.

- A. Jack wished that he has not bought that second-hand car.
- B. Jack regretted buying that second-hand car.
- C. Jack wished that he did not buy that second-hand car.
- D. Jack regretted to buy that second-hand car.

**Câu 48:** "Would you like to come to my birthday party, Sarah?" asked Frederic.

- A. Frederic invited Sarah to his birthday party.
- B. Frederic reminded Sarah of his coming birthday party.
- C. Frederic asked if Sarah was able to come to his birthday party.
- D. Frederic asked Sarah if she liked his birthday party or not.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Câu 49:** The student next to me kept chewing gum. That bothered me a lot.

- A. The student next to me bothering me a lot kept chewing gum.
- B. The student next to me kept chewing gum that bothered me a lot.
- C. The student next to me kept chewing gum bothered me a lot.
- D. The student next to me kept chewing gum, which bothered me a lot.

**Câu 50:** I suppose they are very tired. They have been working all morning.

- A. They must be very tired as they have been working all morning.
- B. They were very tired because of a hard working morning.
- C. They can be very tired due to working all morning.
- D. Because they have been working hard they are now very tired.

----- THE END -----